



TUESDAY EVENING, JUNE 14, 1904.

QUIET PEOPLE in Chicago have failed in their worthy project to provide a "sane" Fourth of July celebration for the residents of that city. They will therefore be compelled to witness the observance of the "glorious Fourth" in the same old reckless and senseless way as in the past. The Baltimore Sun makes the following observations:

It would be interesting to know exactly what would constitute a "sane" celebration of the American Republic's birthday. Every year, from one end of the country to the other, an enormous sum of money is spent in making as much noise as possible on the Fourth of July. Every year human life is sacrificed in expressing the nation's joy over the revolt against an English tyrant and the adoption of the Declaration of Independence. The toy pistol, the toy cannon and the giant firecracker claim many victims on each recurrence of this anniversary. Property is destroyed by fire. The sick suffer cruel torture from the noises created by ardent but often thoughtless patriots. Many people with nerves are literally driven from their homes and seek the quiet of the country. Is this a "sane" way to celebrate the Fourth of July? \* \* \* It seems to be a reflection upon the nation's intelligence that it has not emerged from the popcracker stage and that it expresses its joy in precisely the same manner as the "heavenly Chinese." The shades of George Washington and other revolutionary patriots must long ago have grown weary of our crude ways of celebrating the exploits of "the men of '76." Why not have a change?

Acting upon the above suggestions, the authorities in Baltimore have determined to have a quiet Fourth of July. The order of the Police Commissioners of that city calls for a strict enforcement of the law prohibiting the exploding of firecrackers and other noise-producing and nerve-racking inventions and fireworks of all kinds within the city limits. The order will be transmitted to the various district captains, and the police will be instructed to enforce the law rigidly. The law regulating the sale of fireworks and explosives will also be enforced, and dealers will be warned that they will be prosecuted if they violate the ordinance. The popular celebration of the Fourth of July has generally been senseless and extremely dangerous, to say nothing of the annoyance which is inflicted upon people of delicate nerves and the torture others are compelled to endure in cities where the day is given up to young and old who enjoy the stupid gratification incident to making as much noise as possible. There are positive laws against such procedures in Alexandria, and the authorities will receive the hearty approbation of a majority of the community if they will see that they are enforced next month. The night following the last Fourth of July was a veritable pandemonium in this city.

JITARO MORI, a wealthy Japanese, who has studied social science at Yale three years, has made such caustic criticisms of American missionaries that the American Board of Foreign Missions has taken notice of his views, which were printed recently in the Japanese journal to which he sent them. Mr. Mori paid his critical respects also to the theological students of the university, saying that among them "beggars-like faces are in the majority." Among other strictures on this country, he asserts that in New Haven, Conn., there are four hundred disreputable houses and that there is "a lack of daring heroes in the American navy." He also insinuates on the moral character of American women. Mori also says:

It seems to me that the failure of their work is because the missionaries and their satellites are nothing but vulgar fellows, ignorant and without brains. It is my conviction that not until we drive out missionaries and their satellite evangelists will pure Christianity flourish.

The above utterances may have the effect of cooling the ardor of many in this country who have been cheering the Japanese on during the war the latter are now waging on the Russians.

MRS. AMELIA WEED HOLBROOK recently delivered a lecture on "The Power and Possibilities of Music," in which she asserted that music caused pain to grow. "Generally speaking piano music is good for the hair," she said, "and the music of wind instruments in bad." This will be a revelation to many occupants of the bald-headed row whose shiny skulls are clear indications of the number of their summers, and may cause a boom in the piano industry. Wind instruments, Mrs. Holbrook says, are bad for the hair. If this be so, there will in a short time be but little hirsute covering on the heads of residents of south Fairfax street, as a precocious youngster has procured a cavalryman's bugle, and last night about 10 o'clock sounded all the "calls" until he finally blew himself out.

"No, I do not favor the nomination of Gray, or any one else who opposed the ticket in '96." Mr. William J. Bryan sent this message to the Wilming-

ton, Del., Jeffersonian in reply to a message asking Mr. Bryan's attitude. Many of Mr. Bryan's friends have long thought that it is high time for him to bury his resentment toward certain members of the democratic party who failed to see a panacea for all woes in the Kansas City platform. In small communities a man with a sore place, and who can talk of nothing else, is to be avoided. When people achieve national notoriety they do themselves no good nor do they enhance the interests of the party to which they belong when they refuse to allow past issues to burn out.

## From Washington.

[Correspondence of the Alexandria Gazette.] Washington, D. C., June 14.

The report that the government is about to institute suit against the anthracite coal roads under the anti-trust act seems to be unwarranted by the facts. In response to a resolution of inquiry from the House during the recent session of Congress, Attorney General Knox said in regard to the proposed prosecution of the anthracite coal roads that the question as to whether those roads had violated the anti-trust law was under investigation by the Interstate Commerce Commission and that if that investigation disclosed a state of facts to warrant it the government would take action. He clearly intimated that it was not his intention to take any proceedings until after the inquiry of the Interstate Commerce Commission was concluded, if then. Inquiry at the Department of Justice discloses that this situation has not been changed. The Interstate Commerce Commission has not completed its investigation and has postponed further inquiry into the matter until September and October.

A short Cabinet meeting of less than an hour occurred this morning with only four members present. Nothing of importance was taken up in the absence from town of the other members. It being the first Cabinet meeting attended by Attorney General Knox since his decision to retire and enter the Senate as the successor of the late Senator Quay, it was natural that much of the discussion between the President and his advisers should have been regarding his approaching change of official position. There was some discussion as to the selection of his successor as Attorney General as well as the choice of some one to fill Secretary Cortelyou's place as head of the Department of Commerce and Labor after he becomes chairman of the republican national committee, but it was declared that no definite decision has been yet reached on either of these subjects.

Flag Day is being generally observed here, all the public buildings and most of the private residences making a display of the Stars and Stripes. Special exercises are being held in all of the public schools. The local posts of the G. A. R. will hold camp fires this evening, and at four o'clock at the Pension Bureau a patriotic meeting will be held in the great rotunda at which addresses will be made by Pension Commissioner Ware and Hon. Charles H. Darling, Assistant Secretary of the Navy.

Dr. W. L. Gorgas, the chief sanitary officer of the Panama canal commission, will sail from New York June 21st for the isthmus to establish quarters in the canal zone. Dr. Gorgas has selected all of his principal assistants and they will accompany him. Dr. Henry R. Carter, of the public health and marine hospital service, will be in charge of the marine sanitation which comes under the care of the commission for the ports of Colon and Panama.

Representative Southard, of the Toledo, Ohio, district, called on the President this morning relative to what has been designated an arbitrary reduction of wages in the United States army at Springfield, Mass. Representative Southard had a letter from John Mulholland, President of the Association of Allied Metal Machinists, whose headquarters are at Toledo, relative to the matter. As a result of Representative Southard's call the President has issued orders to the War Department to have an investigation made as to whether Col. F. S. Phipps, who is in charge of the armory, has made any undue reduction in wages there as charged, and if so to report the reasons therefor.

Several important changes in high naval commands have been decided upon by Secretary of the Navy Moody. When Rear Admiral Henry Glass is relieved of his command of the Pacific squadron he will be succeeded by Rear Admiral C. F. Goodrich, now commandant of the Portsmouth, N. H., navy yard. Rear Admiral Henry C. Taylor, Chief of the Bureau of Navigation, has been selected to succeed Rear Admiral A. S. Barker next spring in command of the North Atlantic fleet, and it is probable that Captain R. B. Bradford, now commanding the battleship Illinois, will be selected to command the training squadron next spring when he will attain the rank of a rear admiral. Naval officers are waiting with the utmost interest the announcement by Secretary Moody of whom he has selected to succeed Admiral Taylor as chief of the Bureau of Navigation. This position is by all odds the most important billet in the navy. Rear Admiral Taylor, the present incumbent of the place, is very anxious that he shall be succeeded by his brother-in-law, Rear Admiral Robley D. Evans, but considerable objection is felt to this selection among naval officers on account of Admiral Evans' difficulty with Paymaster Harry E. Biscoe, when on the Asiatic station, and also because of the fact that Admiral Evans is a man of rather uncertain temper. It is believed that Secretary Moody will take these objections into consideration and will select Capt. John Pillsbury, the present assistant chief of the Bureau of Navigation, to be his chief when Admiral Taylor is relieved.

The Washington correspondents that left here last Saturday as the guests of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company returned today from Cape May, after a most delightful trip, having been royally entertained from the time they left until they returned.

Cousin General Gummere at Tangier reports to the State Department upon this morning's date that the representative of the Sultan has not yet returned to Tangier and that the situation is unchanged so far as he can learn. The department has no news which would in any manner confirm the report that Perdicaris is to be released tomorrow.

Governor Winthrop, the newly appointed executive of Porto Rico, called at the State Department this morning accompanied by Justice McKenna, of the Supreme Court of the United States, to receive his final instructions before departing for his post.

## News of the Day.

The Jeffries-Munroe fight, which was to have taken place in San Francisco on Friday, has been postponed until June 30.

Ion Perdicaris, the captive American, and Cromwell Varley, his British stepson, may be released by the Moor bairns, tomorrow.

Lieut. Nathaniel T. Bower, Engineer Corps, of Fort Leavenworth, Kan., was killed yesterday near the target range by lightning, which struck his rifle.

Rev. E. D. Finney, pastor emeritus of the Presbyterian Church, of Belair, Md., died early yesterday morning at the Union Protestant Infirmary, in Baltimore.

Secretary of the Navy William Henry Moody undoubtedly will be appointed to succeed Attorney-General Philander C. Knox as head of the Department of Justice when Mr. Knox retires to become United States Senator from Pennsylvania.

In a free fight at Brands Springs, near the Wilton county, Ga., line in Gwynett county, near Logansville, Sunday morning, Bert Smith shot his antagonist, James Weathers, and, missing his aim, killed John L. Smith, a prominent citizen of Gwynett county.

Cardinal Sattoli will visit Washington next Saturday, becoming the guest of Mgr. Dennis J. O'Connell, rector of the Catholic University, in Caldwell Hall, of that institution, until the following Tuesday afternoon. He also will be the guest of the President at luncheon and of Secretary of War Taft at dinner while in the city.

A post-mortem examination on the body of Joseph Mulduz, 24 years old, a bartender at the Hotel Danuakates, Baltimore, who died several minutes after being brought to the Maryland University Hospital Sunday evening, was held yesterday, when it was found that the young man died from blood poisoning superinduced by an abscess at the root of a tooth.

On a train nearly three hours late, the body of Levi Z. Leiter, with the members of the immediate family, arrived in Washington a few minutes before 11 o'clock last night. The body was borne immediately to the mansion on Dupont Circle, and will remain there until removed to St. John's Episcopal Church for the funeral services in the afternoon.

Alexander Sikes, a young man seventeen years old, was instantly killed by his little five-year-old brother yesterday afternoon at the Highland Park mills, Charlotte, N. C. The two boys were watching some other boys throw horse shoes. Henry Sikes, the five-year-old boy, held a shotgun. He was playing with the gun when it was discharged, and the entire load took effect in Alexander Sikes' left side.

Police Judge John J. Riley, in Lexington, Ky., yesterday revived the old whipping post regime, when he sentenced Simon Scarce, a fifteen-year-old negro lad, to be whipped in the public square. Scarce had struck a small white boy. The court decreed that the boy's mother take the negro to the public square and give him twenty lashes with a buggy whip. The mother, in the presence of a large crowd, administered the punishment as directed.

Disgusted with the inhospitable reception he met with in London, John Alexander Dowie suddenly determined to leave England and started yesterday afternoon for Boulogne-sur-Mer, France, with his wife and son. It is understood that Dowie has decided to return to the United States by the first steamer. In strongly worded denunciatory editorials, the London papers yesterday morning expressed unbounded satisfaction with Dowie's speedy departure.

Application has been made before Chancellor Nicholson, in Wilmington, Del., for the appointment of a receiver for the Ruby Match Company, a concern chartered by J. Edward Addicks. The petitioner is Edgar B. Stocking, a lawyer of Washington, who alleges that the company owes him \$9,000 in fees and is insolvent through mismanagement. Of the \$7,000,000 capital stock of the company, Stocking alleges that Mr. Addicks took \$3,350,000, on which he never made any payment. Chancellor Nicholson will give a hearing on Wednesday.

The body of James W. Baker, who died in Hemlock, N. C., on Friday, was last night taken to his home in Hampshire county for burial. A pathetic feature of his death is that he was married only a few days ago on his deathbed. He was engaged to a young lady in West Virginia and he was taken sick with typhoid fever in North Carolina. He telegraphed for her to come to him at once. She hurried to his bedside, but he was too weak to go through with the ceremony. Finally he rallied and they were married. The young groom then suffered a relapse and died.

It became known yesterday that an attempt had recently been made to blow up the church of St. Anthony, in St. Louis, which is in charge of Francis Cans. A stick of dynamite was discovered under the altar, attached to a fuse running to a candle. Inability of an attendant to light the candle to which the fuse was attached led to the discovery of the fuse and the dynamite. The fuse was so arranged that if the candle had burned for a certain time it would have ignited the fuse and caused an explosion which might have destroyed the building and caused a great loss of life.

Dr. Frank Gunsauls delivered the baccalaureate address to the graduating class of Armour Institute in Chicago yesterday. "There was never a more interesting falsehood than 'All men are created free and equal,'" said he. "The Declaration of Independence was an attempt to force Mr. Hearst to forego an instructed delegation to the national convention. The fight for control of the State democratic machinery has placed the complexion of the State ticket in the background for the moment. Hearst adherents purpose, it is said, to depose Mr. Hearst."

Followers of John P. Hopkins, of Chicago, chairman of the Illinois democratic central committee, provoked at an attempt by adherents of William R. Hearst to secure control of the central committee, when the Illinois democratic convention convenes today may make an attempt to force Mr. Hearst to forego an instructed delegation to the national convention. The fight for control of the State democratic machinery has placed the complexion of the State ticket in the background for the moment. Hearst adherents purpose, it is said, to depose Mr. Hearst.

Hopkins and to place Millard Dunlap, Hearst's Illinois campaign manager, at the head of the Illinois democratic machine.

Himself a moving spirit in a Bridgeport (Conn.) organization founded as a "Thirteen Club" and later reported to be a suicide club, George Wagner, by his own suicide yesterday, leaves but one of his fellow-members to survive him. While it has been denied that the organization was a suicide club, it is noteworthy that all but one of the men who were identified with it died by their own acts. Mr. Wagner was found dead at the Morton House, early yesterday. Mr. Wagner was a wealthy German resident of Bridgeport and unaccountably left his home Friday. He leaves a wife and two daughters. He owned much real estate and had been in good health. The only surviving member of the club is said to be a jeweler in Bridgeport.

C. G. Kennison, president of Miners' Union No. 40, of Cripple Creek, Col., was arrested yesterday afternoon by City Marshal Moore, of Goldfield, as he was going to the miners' headquarters in Denver. The charge against him is murder, alleging participation in the blowing up of the Independence station with dynamite. Kennison did not resist arrest, but after his arrest he got into an altercation with Moore and the Marshal struck Kennison on the head with a revolver, making a scalp wound. Kennison declared that he knew nothing about the explosion. "I think the war is nearly over," said Governor Peabody in Denver, Col., yesterday. "I have news from General Bell that the Cripple Creek mines are open and running today, and there is comparatively little disaffection among the men. There is no news of further trouble or any likelihood of any."

## Virginia News.

Ballard Gibson, a young man of Amherst county, accidentally shot and killed himself yesterday morning while hunting near his home at Monitor, yesterday morning.

Lewis Rodgers, while swimming in the Rappahannock river below Fredericksburg Sunday was taken with cramps and was drowned before assistance could reach him.

Capt. W. W. Baker, the representative of Chesterfield county in the legislature, was hurt by being thrown from his buggy yesterday. While his injuries are painful, they are not serious.

Mr. J. W. Truslow, living near Fredericksburg in Stafford county, was struck by a train Saturday evening at Quantico on the Richmond, Fredericksburg and Potomac railroad, and was severely injured.

Rev. Dr. John Pollard, the well-known Baptist minister, pastor of the church at Bowling Green, was stricken with paralysis Sunday while in the pulpit. He was taken to his home and is in a critical condition.

Notice has been received by the merchants in Richmond of an increase in freight rates, effective July 1. The rate will be advanced 1 to 2 cents a hundred for less than carload lots from Virginia points south. The roads making the increase are the Atlantic Coast Line, Seaboard Air Line, Southern, and Western North Carolina.

So indifferent are the voters of Richmond that it is suggested a socialist or an independent may be chosen mayor of that city at the regular election today. Last April a primary was held and nominations made for mayor and members of city council. Captain Carlton McCarthy was nominated by the democrats for mayor. He now has opposition in the person of W. E. Tilley, independent, and Henry L. Rhodes, socialist.

C. B. Miller, a young white man, who says his home is in Pittsylvania county, not far from Danville, was arrested on the Southern Railway, near Lynchburg on a charge of attempted criminal assault on the aged wife of Policeman Marshall Chennault. Mrs. Chennault states that the man entered her home about 9 o'clock yesterday morning and seized her by the arm. She screamed and he ran. Miller denies saying anything wrong, and says he only asked for breakfast.

The lifeless body of J. C. Land, a traveling man, of Norfolk, who has been missing from that city since Friday, was found yesterday afternoon in his room at the Davis Hotel, on East Main street, Richmond. Two empty laudanum bottles beside him showed the cause of death. Coroner Taylor, who made an examination, considered no inquest necessary, as it seemed to have evidently been a case of suicide. Mr. Land left a note on the table beside him, in which he requested that someone would take care of his wife and children.

## Difficulty Settled.

The long-standing difficulty between the Brotherhood and Amalgamated Carpenters' unions and the Council of Allied Building Trades, which has been agitating the Central Labor Union in Washington for several weeks, was decided last night at the regular meeting of the latter body. The effort of the council to have the carpenters expelled from the central body was defeated, and the carpenters' unions which have been expelled from the council will be reinstated at a meeting of that body to be held tonight. The basis of the agreement reached was not made public by the Central Labor Union, but it is understood that the carpenters' unions made concessions to the Council of Allied Building Trades upon which the satisfactory agreement was reached. The whole difficulty grew out of the demands of the carpenters of the Brotherhood and Amalgamated unions for the issuance of a union card by the Council of Allied Building Trades which differed radically from the usual card of that body. The demands were refused, and the carpenters, rebelling, were expelled from the council. The fight was then taken to the Central Labor Union, and a request from the council that the carpenters be expelled from the central body was voted down. A committee was appointed to investigate the matter, but not until last night was a satisfactory report submitted. It was adopted.

## Startling Evidence.

Fresh testimony in great quantity is constantly coming in, declaring Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption Coughs and Colds to be unequalled. A recent expression from T. J. McFarland, of Pentonsville, Va., serves as example. He writes: "I had Bronchitis for three years and doctored all the time without being benefited. Then I began taking Dr. King's New Discovery, and a few bottles wholly cured me." Equally effective in cure of all Lung and Throat troubles, Consumption, Pneumonia and Grip. Guaranteed by E. S. Leadbeater & Sons, druggists. Trial bottles free, regular sizes 50c and \$1.00.

## How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by him.

WALDING, KINSAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75 cents per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

## Today's Telegraphic News

### Rumor of Naval Battle.

St. Petersburg, June 14.—A report has reached here that a great naval battle was fought outside of Port Arthur on June 10. General Stoessel, who is in command of the Russian troops at Port Arthur, was wounded, and one of his legs has been amputated at the thigh.

Chefoo, June 14.—While the Japanese transport Taihoku Maru was laying mines at the entrance to Port Arthur harbor yesterday evening one of the mines exploded, killing one officer and eight men, and wounding two officers and seven privates.

Rome, June 14.—The Tokio correspondent of the Corriere della Sera says the foreign attaches are leaving the Japanese capital for the Kwang-Tung peninsula, which they hope to reach on Friday, as a decisive attack on Port Arthur by the Japanese will begin on that day.

### A Foreign Invasion.

New York, June 14.—Although the influx of diseased, criminal and otherwise undesirable immigrants whose presence here is chiefly due to the cut in steamship stevedore rates has only begun, there are nearly fifteen hundred immigrants now detained at Ellis Island. Of these held for special inquiry nearly all will have to be deported, and fully 50 per cent of those in the New York room will also go back. The usual proportion of the latter deported is only 3 per cent. Officials at the island called the immigrants that landed yesterday the most degraded and ignorant they had seen there. The fears of the officials that the \$9.00 rate would attract the scum of Europe has already been realized. Paupers, idiots and criminals are plentiful among the immigrants now arriving. It is the opinion of the officials that the European cities have taken advantage of the cut rate to ship here their paupers, criminals and general ne'er-do-wells. Immigration officials believe that in time the steamship companies will either go back to the old stevedore rates or examine stevedore passengers more rigorously, since so many of those now arriving will be deported at the expense of the warring lines.

### Attempt to Escape.

Columbus, O., June 14.—But for the bravery of Guard S. E. Richards, on duty at night in the penitentiary annex, the ten men awaiting death in the State prison might now be at liberty. Shortly before one o'clock Tuesday morning, led by Moses Johnson, the murderers made a desperate effort to escape. Johnson, at that hour, asked to be let out of his cell to go to the toilet room. His cell is on the second range. When he reached the ground floor he further asked to go into the front room for some soda to settle his stomach. Guard Richards consented and immediately on opening the door of the front room of the cage the prisoners in that range rushed upon him and knocking him to the floor, sought to bind and gag him. The guard made a desperate fight, however, and succeeded in raising an alarm. He was brutally beaten though not dangerously hurt, before help arrived. The disappointed murderers, seeing that the attempt had failed, suffered themselves to be locked up without resistance.

### Nan Patterson.

New York, June 14.—Nan Randolph Patterson, the actress, who was indicted yesterday by the grand jury for the murder of Frank (Caesar) Young in a cab on June 4th, was arraigned before Judge Newburger in the court of general sessions to plead to the charge this morning. At the request of her counsel, Abraham Levy, the pleading was deferred until next Friday, when a motion for the inspection of the minutes of the grand jury will be made. Counsel Levy said this morning that it was his purpose to bring the case to trial at the earliest possible moment. "Nan Patterson will go upon the stand," he said, "and tell her story of the death of Caesar Young. Her story will clear her." She will conceal nothing.

### The Illinois Democrats.

Chicago, June 14.—The Illinois democratic State convention met today. The Hearst faction is claiming 910 instructed delegates to the convention. The total number of delegates is 1,341.

The Chicago faction, controlled by Hopkins, is seated at the front of the hall. The delegates from the State outside of Cook county will be seated according to arrangements of the State committee. The selection of a governor as well as the State ticket depends on the outcome of the factions that will be in control.

The Hopkins faction made repeated efforts today for harmony with the Hearst contingent but the Hearst steering committee rejected the proposition.

### Royal Visitors.

Munich, June 14.—Princes George and Konrad of Bavaria, elder sons of Prince Leopold, left here for Bremen today. From Bremen they will sail for New York and make a tour of the principal towns in the United States. After a visit to the St. Louis exposition the Royal pair will make a tour of Japan, India and Egypt. Baron Dersitzenstein, captain of the Bavarian Life Guards, accompanies the princes. Prince George, it will be remembered, visited the United States in June, 1903, and was accorded a most enthusiastic welcome in the various cities which he visited.

### Funeral of the Late Miss Morton.

Paris, June 14.—The funeral services over the remains of Miss Lena Morton, the daughter of former Vice-President Levi P. Morton, who died last week, from blood poisoning, were held at the Episcopal Church on Avenue Alma this morning. The services were attended by a large concourse of prominent persons from the American colony and the French nobility. The casket was covered with white flowers among the offerings being a superb wreath of white flowers sent by President Loubet. The remains will be sent to America for interment.

Congressman Mendenhall, of California, is said to be about to succeed Secretary Cortelyou, who will be made Postmaster General after the election, Mr. Payne resigning.

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## Republican National Convention.

Chicago, June 14.—The first session of the republican national convention will begin at 3 p. m. tomorrow, when the Wisconsin delegate contest will be taken up.

Several speeches are to be made in launching Mr. Roosevelt's nomination before the convention next week. Former Governor Black, of New York, is scheduled to place the President in nomination. Then will follow six powerful spell binders.

There is more talk among the republican magnates who are gathering in Chicago today about who will be the Vice Presidential nominee, and who will be chairman of the national committee than there is concerning Roosevelt.

The van guard of Fairbank's boomers came in from Indiana last night.

Mr. Scott's backers as a result are beginning to set up and notice things. It is probable that Hitt headquarters will be established today or tomorrow in one of the leading hotels.

It is not at all improbable that the leaders may select Governor Murphy, of New Jersey, chairman.

### The Goetz-Whelen Wedding.

Wayne, Pa., June 14.—Favored by ideal weather, the long-awaited union of New York wealth and Philadelphia beauty as represented on the one side by Robert Goetz and on the other by Miss Flie Whelen, was solemnized this afternoon with becoming eclat and social splendor. The wedding drew to St. Marys Episcopal church, society's leaders to the number of four hundred, from many cities, the New York and Philadelphia guests arriving in special trains. The betrothal service was read by Rev. Dr. Floyd W. Tomkins, rector of Philadelphia's most fashionable church, and Bishop McVickar, of Rhode Island, officiated at the remainder of the service, including the tying of the nuptial knot and the benediction. Among the bridesmaids was Miss Alice Roosevelt.

### Effect of the Cut Rate.

New York, June 14.—So great is the number of immigrants expected to arrive at New York this week, that the authorities on Ellis Island believe it will be necessary to erect tents on the island in order to accommodate those detained for investigation. The great influx of foreigners is due to the new ten dollar rate from London to this port inaugurated by the International Mercantile Marine and the German lines as the result of a rate war. The officials of these lines insist that the reduced rate is not bringing into the country an undesirable set of immigrants, but the immigration authorities are on the alert and everybody who takes advantage of the cut is going to pass a rigid examination before being allowed to land on American soil.

### Archbishop Falconio.

Rome, June 14.—There is a possibility that Archbishop Falconio, Apostolic delegate at Washington, will not return to that post. Immediately after arriving in Rome today, Falconio sent David Fleming deputy General of the Franciscans to Cardinal Gotti, with a long statement wherein he explained the conditions which must exist both at Rome and Washington if he consents to return to America as Apostolic delegate. If these conditions do not exist, he says, his work in America will continue to be neutralized by intrigues at Rome.

### Suffering from Gout.

Newport, R. I., June 14.—The condition of Commodore Elbridge T. Gerry, who is suffering from an attack of gout on board his yacht Electra, is causing some uneasiness among his friends. He is able to sit up at times, but seems to be weak. A physician and a nurse are attending him. The commodore and Mrs. Gerry arrived here on the Electra from New York on Sunday last.

### Killed Husband and Herself.

Cleveland, O., June 14.—Marian Baldwin Allen, aged 29, shot her husband, L. D. Allen, aged 23, to death and then put a bullet in her brain in their apartments here this morning. The police could not reach an agreement with Allen. Their domestic relations had not been happy.

### New York Stock Market.

New York, June 14, 11 a. m.—The stock market this morning remained comparatively dull, but there was less pressure of profit taking, and prices were somewhat steadier. After the first hour the market strengthened throughout, the short interests found that the reaction of yesterday was not likely to be carried further.

### To Speak in New York.

New York, June 14.—Mr. Wm. J. Bryan will tell New York democracy at Cooper Union on Monday night why they should oppose the Parker-Mill-Belmont-McCarren combination. To have Mr. Bryan set forth the issues of the campaign from the radical point of view, the anti-Hill mass meeting called for Saturday night at Cooper Union has been put over till Monday night. Mr. Bryan is on his way east. He will speak in Indiana on Saturday night. Frederick W. Hinrichs, of Brooklyn, who ran on the anti-Tamm ticket last fall for controller, will share the speaking honors with Mr. Bryan. Mr. Hinrichs is a Cleveland democrat. He was in 1896 a candidate for lieutenant governor on the Palmer and Buckner ticket. Mr. Bryan's acceptance of an invitation to speak at the anti-Hill mass meeting means that he is against the nomination of Judge Parker. The Parker men have been advertising the assertion that Parker voted for Bryan twice. This has not pleased the Nebraska, however.

### COURT OF APPEALS.

Proceedings in the Supreme Court of Appeals at Wytheville yesterday were as follows: S. T. Henning vs. Peery et al.; argued and submitted.

Merriman Company vs. F. B. Thomas Company; submitted on briefs.

Cummings vs. Beavers; partly argued and continued until today.

### A Perfect Milk Food.

It is Borden's Peerless Brand Evaporated Cream. It has a delicious, nutty flavor, and is superior to the richest raw cream, with the added insurance of being sterile. Always carried by soldiers, sailors, hunters, campers and explorers. It has become a household necessity.

### Sued by His Doctor.

"A doctor here has sued me for \$12.50, which I claimed was excessive for a case of cholera morbus," says E. White, of Coachella, Cal. "At the trial he praised his medical skill and medicine. I asked him if it was not Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy he used as I had good reason to believe it was, and he would not say under oath that it was not." No doctor could use a better remedy than this in a case of cholera morbus, it never fails. Sold by Richard Gibson and W. F. Creighton & Co.

## Printing Jefferson Bible.

Nine thousand copies of the "Jefferson Bible" will soon have been printed by the Government Printing Office and will be distributed according to the provisions of the act of Congress authorizing the reproduction. This Bible is formed of clippings made by Thomas Jefferson, and has been the subject of frequent controversy among the clergy and laity of the country because of the fact that Jefferson, in making his collection of clippings for the revision of the Gospels, eliminated all miracles and in other ways wrought at variance with the accepted traditions of the clergy of all sects. Many obstacles have been placed in the way of reproduction of the unique work and it was not until May, 1902, that Congress authorized the duplication of the work by photo-lithography. The original, then in the National Museum, was accordingly transferred to New York, where the preliminary work was to be done and the plates were made. The book is in a very poor state of preservation, much of it being decayed and parts almost illegible, but it has been returned to the museum no worse than when it left there for the lithographers. Of the 9,000 copies to be printed from the plates 3,000 will be for the Senate and the rest for the House. Of the work Jefferson said: "It is a paradigm of Jesus' doctrines made by cutting the texts out of the books and arranging them on the pages of a blank book in a certain order of time or subject. A more precious morsel of ethics I have never seen."

## Utilizing the Dead Sea.